

[THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1767.]

NEW-YORK

OR,  
GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,

THE



JOURNAL;

THE  
ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.—[Oct. 16, 1766. For Six Years last past, Publisher of the New-York Thursday's Gazette, or Weekly Post-Boy.]

ASSIZE of BREAD, published January 7, 1767.  
Flour at 19/3 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the finest Flour, to weigh 1 lb. 10 oz. for 4 Coppers.—Ditto, of Dit. to weigh 12 1/2 oz. for 2 Coppers.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

High-Water.	H. M.	rises	H. M.	sets	H. M.
THURSDAY	12 29	after 6	5	before 6	5
FRIDAY	1 20	6	0	6	0
SATURDAY	2 11	5	59	7	0
SUNDAY	3 2	5	58	7	0
MONDAY	3 53	5	56	7	0
TUESDAY	4 44	5	55	7	0
WEDNESDAY	5 35	5	54	7	0

Days 11 h. 56 m. long, the 19th.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel	6s. 6d.	Beef per Barrel	48s. 6d.
Flour	19s. 6d.	Pork	70s. 6d.
Brown Bread	2s. 7d.	Salt	3s. 6d.
West-India Rum	3s. 4d.	Bohea Tea	3s. 6d.
New-England ditto	2s. 7d.	Chocol. per dos.	1s. 11d.
Muscovado Sugar	50s.	Bees Wax	1s. 6d.
Single refined ditto	1s. 2d.	Nut Wood	3s. 6d.
Molasses	2s. 6d.	Oak ditto	24s. 6d.

To the PUBLIC, New-York, Oct. 16, 1766.

IT is now upwards of six Years that I have published a weekly News Paper, under the Title of the New-York Gazette or Weekly Post-Boy, which I have the Pleasure to think has been generally acceptable, and publicly useful: But having now Occasion to alter the Title of my Paper, I hope for the same favourable Reception of the New-York JOURNAL or GENERAL ADVERTISER, that my Paper met with under the former Title; since it will be conducted with the same Spirit, and to the same Ends,—the Suppression of Evil, and the Promotion of public and private Happiness. The Reasons of altering my Title are these, 1st, for the Sake of Distinction, as I am inform'd Mr. PARKER intends to publish a Paper under the former Title; and 2d, because, as he formerly publish'd a Paper under that Title, I would not avail myself of any Advantages from a Name originally assumed by him. The Number, for the Sake of more easily settling with my Customers, will run regularly on from my last Week's Paper.

JOHN HOLT.

IT is hoped that the Gentlemen who were pleased to sign the Recommendation to the following Petition, and which was therewith presented to the last General Assembly of this Province, will excuse the Publication of their Names, as we have no other Means to clear ourselves of a scandalous Accusation, which we are informed by Benjamin Fowler, Esq; is brought against us by Col. Frederick Phillips, of having the Names of three Gentlemen who never subscribed to the said Recommendation, viz. Doct. Robert Graham, Mr. Stephen Ward, and the said Benjamin Fowler, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, inserted in the List of Subscribers to the same, which, if so, must have been forged while in our Custody.

As the Inhabitants of this Colony in general, and many others, have received great Benefit by the Erection of the Free-Bridge, which we undertook at first with as great a Regard to the public Good as our own private Advantage, and as we have hitherto, not only received no Reward for this Service, but have done it at the expense of a very large Sum of our own Property, which we have laid out of many Years, it cannot but be thought extremely hard that it should also bring upon our Characters so cruel and injurious an Aspersions—and we hope that high Regard which every honest Man ought to have for his Character, will sufficiently justify us for taking this Method to clear ours, from so scandalous an Imputation.

JACOB DYCKMAN, Junr.  
JOHN VERMILIE.

To the Honourable the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, for the Province of New-York.

THE PETITION of JACOB DYCKMAN, BENJAMIN PALMER, and JOHN VERMILIE; HUMBLY SHEWETH,

THAT your Petitioners have with great Pains and Labour, erected a Bridge over Harlem River, a little to the Southward of a Place called and known by the Name of King's-Bridge, and that the said Bridge has been, and is now of great Benefit and Utility to the Public; and that for want of proper Support and Assistance, it is likely

soon to come to Decay, and the Public again reduced to the Necessity of paying to the Toll-Bridge as formerly: And also that your Petitioners having expended upwards of One Thousand Pounds, in erecting and repairing the same, have received no more than Two Hundred and Eighty Pounds for that Purpose; so that your Petitioners are in Arrearage upwards of Seven Hundred Pounds, as will appear by the Accounts now in the Possession of the House, attested before the Mayor of the City of New-York: Therefore your Petitioners humbly Pray, that the Honourable House would take the Matter of their Petition in Consideration, and grant them such Relief in the Premises; at they in their great Wisdom shall think fit, and your Petitioners shall ever pray, &c.

The above Petition was presented to the General Assembly with a Recommendation, signifying the Truth of the Facts therein mentioned, the great public Benefit of the said Bridge, the Reasonableness of the Petition, &c. and praying that the Petitioners should be allowed such Compensation, Relief and Assistance, as the General Assembly in their Wisdom should think proper. This Recommendation, was subscribed by the following Inhabitants and Gentlemen, and no others, viz.

The underwritten are the Gentlemen's Names of New-York.

James Delancey	Richard Van Dyck	Philip Brasher
Thomas Jones	Jasper Drake	John Stitt
John V. D. Speigel	Joseph Jadwin	Peter Vandervoort
Henry Cruger	John Ray	Petrus Byvanck
Sidney Breefe	Peter Clopper	James Brown, junr
Peter Remsen	Joseph Scott	James Sutton
Elias Deibrosses	William Kirby	Abraham Sebring
Robert Murray	Cors. Wortendick	William Depeyster
Paul Scanck	Thomas Tucker	Isaac Rosevelt
Jacob Walton	Garret Rapalle	John Depeyster
Peter V. B. Livingston	Henry Franklin	Benjamin Stout
James M'Evarts	Abel Hardinbrook	Gerard Depeyster
Andrew M'Myer	Samuel Johnson	James Van Horne
Ger. Wm. Beckman	Abm. Van Vleck	Christ. Roosevelt
Ger. Duyckinck	Nicholas Bogert	Jeffe Hunt
Theos. Van Wyck	P. T. Curtenius	Alexander Whyte
Garri Abael	John Child	Joseph Drake
James Abael	Caspar Wistar	Comfort Sands
Uriah Hendricks	James Gordon	Joshua Hutchings
Abraham Cock	Amos Dodge	James Bennit
Wm. Bancker	Thomas Williams	John Moore
Joseph Dewight	Benjamin Burling	Jacob Townsend
Joseph Robinson	Patt Maclean	Samuel Underhill
James Dalzel	Hugh Ryder	Jonas Platt
John Stout	William Nicoll	Silvanus Dillingham
Caleb Hyatt	Benjamin Underhill	Anthony Shoemaker
Isaac Sears	Amos Underhill	Joshua Bloomer
Isaac Corla	Jacob Wadford	James Franklin
Joseph Bull	Samuel Franklin	John Dunscomb
Wm. Hadenbrook	Thomas Franklin	
John Franklin	James Green	

The underwritten are the Gentlemen's Names of West-Chester County.

Lewis Morris	Thomas Butler	Jacobus Bleeker
James Graham	John Fowler	Philip Bell
Cornelius Willit	Barnard Rynlander	Thomas Pinkney
John Ferguson	Isaac Guyon	Abraham Guion
Robert Hunt junr.	George Cornwell junr.	Daniel Barker
John Legget	Abraham Legget	William Griffin
Isaac Legget	John Townsend	Edward Merrit
Gabriel Legget	James Horton	Joseph Purdy
John Hedger	Benjamin Griffin	Joseph Hains
John Emery	Jonathan Parry	Gerard Bloomer
David Hunt	Benjamin Palmer	Benjamin Brown
Aaron Hunt	Gilbert Budd	Abraham Canfield
Isaac Willit	Lewis Maruen	Ebenezer Kniffin
Stephen Hunt	Thomas Forman	Joseph Theall
Elvis Hunt	Daniel Miller	Daniel Thang
Isaac Wilkins junr.	Isaac Anderson	Timothy Witmore
John Oakley	John Doughty	Joshua Purdy
Nath. Underhill	Ebenezer Haviland	William Sutton
William Betts	Jonathan Brown	Ephraim Avery
John Ferris	David Brown	Samuel Tredwell
Edward Stevenson	Jonath. Brown junr.	Isiah Maynard
Aaron Quinby	Jonathan Wright	Christ. Eisenhart
Israel Honeywell	James Haviland	Benjamin Ferris
Theophilus Bartow	Jeremiah Fowler	Moses Owen
Walter Brigs	Isaac Oakley	Caleb Ferris
Charles Vincent junr.	Caleb Griffin	Ebenezer Burling
John Williams junr.	Isaac Oakley	Samuel Sueden
John Williams	Gabriel Lynch	Thomas Farrington
Isaac Williams	Gilbert Ferris	Jonathan Griffin
Isaac Valentine	John Townsend	Jonathan Griffin
Jonathan Fowler	Moses Drake	(Tompkins)
Lewis Gayon	Benjamin Drake	James Verryan

The underwritten are the Gentlemen's Names of Harlem.

John Nagal	John Myer	Perell Fowler
Jacob Nagal	John Sicksels	Headrick V. Bramet
William Nagal	John Sicksels	Garret Striker
William Dyckman	Arant Hoffin	Jacob Dyckman
John Obienes	Cornelius Sicksels	John Dyckman
Dennis Obienes	Peter Waldron	Peter Myers
Abraham Bussin	John Roomer	Adolphus Myer
Henry Obienes	Abraham Myer	John Bessonet
Arant Myer	Lawrence Myer	St. George Talbot
John Myer junr.	Abraham Myers junr.	

New-York, March 12, 1767.

To the PRINTER,

SIR,

THE great End for which News-Papers deserve general Encouragement, is, that they afford Opportunities of pointing out, and proposing to public Notice; whatever appears requisite for the public Good; whether by the Alteration or Removal of any Thing in Being, that has been found hurtful, or by adding or doing whatever has a Tendency to the Benefit of Mankind, particular Societies, or private Persons.

By the Means of this common Channel of Intelligence, many useful Matters are brought to light, and come under public Consideration, that otherwise might have remain'd for ever buried in Oblivion—or might at most have been only Matter of Speculation to a few private Persons, but never brought into Action, or improved to any useful Purposes in Life.—Even the bare Hint of any Truth—or reasonable Proposition, may be sufficient to wake the latent Powers of the Soul, and put them into Exercise—and the Result may be—beneficial to Mankind, in a very high Degree. There is such an establish'd Analogy between Truth and the Human Mind, that as soon as it is fairly proposed, like a Spark upon Tinder, it instantly catches, and if left to its native Activity, would soon kindle into Flame.—In short, the Mind of Man is made analogous to all Truth—There is a conformity in the whole Universe, that shows it to be the Work of one Author—It is one complete whole, cemented by the strongest Ties.—The Principle of self Preservation, self Love,—tending in the highest Degree to the general Benefit of the Whole and every Part—Tho' it was necessary to make intellectual Creatures free, in Order to give them any Action at all properly their own, or to make them capable of Reward or Punishment.—Yet they have the highest Inducement to right Action, that it is possible for free Creatures to have, or that could be given without destroying their free Agency and making them mere Machines, whose Actions could have nothing in them Praise-worthy or capable of Reward. The Duties of Man, are his Happiness—the Commands and Prohibitions laid upon him, are not arbitrarily imposed—But by him who is Benevolence itself, and intimately acquainted with his Frame and Constitution—he is commanded to do those Things that naturally tend to his Happiness, and prohibited only from what necessarily leads to his Destruction.—Ten Thousand Evidences—the Experience of each Man's whole Life, must demonstrate this to every thinking Mind. The Sanctions to the Performance of Duty, besides what Revelation declares, are level to every Capacity, and felt in every Breast, whether attended to and properly improved or not. The Happiness of the whole Universe is connected, and it is the grand Business of all, and the Duty of each Individual to promote it.—The more effectually and extensively this is done by any Person, by so much the more his own Happiness is increased; and in proportion as a Man, deviates from Duty, and acts contrary to the Happiness of others, he destroys his own, and becomes miserable.—But I have inadvertently indulged myself in Reflections beyond my present Design, which was to show, some of the Advantages resulting from the freedom and full circulation of News-Papers, as they afford us Opportunities of communicating our Thoughts.—The licentiousness of the Press has been often complained of as a Grievance, and some have even gone so far as to make that a Pretence for laying a Restraint upon it.—But this is an Argument of Men who are either weak, or Enemies to Liberty—let the Press be but free, and that Freedom will sufficiently check its Extravagances.—He that has Truth, Reason and Justice of his Side, will always be an overmatch for his Adversaries of equal Abilities, and it will be in the Power of one sensible Man, arm'd with those divine Weapons, to put a Thousand of his most for-



indefatigable Adversaries to Flight—and I dare be bold to say, that so long as the Press remains entirely unrestrained and perfectly free, neither our Religion nor Liberty will be in Danger; for we shall always be able to battle and overcome all the Efforts and Attacks of Infidelity and Tyranny, and maintain our inherent Rights and Privileges both civil and religious, inviolate.—But I must not now enlarge upon this Subject.

I was much pleased, as well as many others of your Readers, with a Piece in one of your late Papers, pointing out some of the Inconveniences and Hardships that the Poor, and many other Inhabitants of this City, would necessarily sustain by the late Act, for preventing wooden Buildings in this City. At the same Time it was justly hinted, that such an Act, probably, would never have been passed, if the People in general had in proper Time been duly sensible, that it was in Agitation; and therefore, that it was highly expedient Galleries should be erected adjoining to the Assembly Room, where the People concerned might overhear the Debates, and the Matters brought before that Hon. House, where they were represented.

I am so well convinced of the Justice of these Remarks in both Cases, that I hope the People will avail themselves of the near Approach of the next Election, and make it a point, to know the Sentiments of the Candidates, upon these two Articles, *The Repeal of the Building Act, and the Erection of Galleries to the Assembly Room*, before they even think of giving them the smallest Prospect or Chance for a Vote;—so that these beneficial Regulations may actually take place.—For herein consists the true Worth of the English Constitution—that what the general Body of the People find necessary to be done for their Benefit, by the Legislative Body of their Representatives,—That they have it in their Power to obtain of them.—Since all the Dignity—all the Power of that Legislative Body, is derived from the People, whose Representatives they are,—who choose them for that Purpose, and if they act contrary to the Trust reposed in them, will choose others in their Stead.

This important Right, of choosing, and consequently of influencing their Representatives, cannot be too carefully watched, nor too often recalled to Memory.—Freemen! Always remember that you are Free—act up to the Dignity of your Character! You have a Right to be heard, and attended to, whenever you have any reasonable Thing to Propose, (and propose it with Decency) even by the highest Powers,—and it is your Duty to maintain your Influence and Importance in the Government.

Again I must drop my Subject, and Return to what I first intended, when I began to write, tho' comparatively of small moment, to the Matters that have undesignedly occurred to me, yet not altogether foreign to them—and really of some Consequence to the Welfare of this City.—

The high Price of Milk, together with the bad Quality of it, in this City, are Articles well worth Consideration, especially as it is more likely the Evil will increase than diminish.—That many of the Sellers, mix Water with their Milk, I believe no Inhabitant of this City can doubt—and this Adulteration is in a great Measure occasion'd by the high Price.—For the higher the Price, the greater is the Temptation to the Practice. This is so plain that it needs only to be mention'd—and Experience has shown, that whenever any Article has risen to an extraordinary Price, the Quality has been worse in proportion to its Dearness.

The high Price of Milk, I am convinced, arises chiefly from the Scarcity and Expensiveness of pasturage near this City; and this again proceeds from the late Practice of Leasing out the Common Lands belonging to it; to the great Hurt of the Poor, and the Inhabitants in general. I know the Reason given for leasing these Lands, was, that the Rents of them applied to the Use of the Corporation, would considerably lessen the Taxes. But in Reality it does not appear that they were ever thereby lessened at all. Indeed it generally happens that when new Funds arise, they lead to new undertakings, perhaps not immediately necessary, to which all they produce is applied, so that the Taxes are seldom lightened thereby. However if the whole amount of these Rents had actually been applied to the Discharge of the City Taxes, I conceive the Sum would fall very far short of the extraordinary Charge upon the Inhabitants in the Article of Milk, occasion'd by the Want of that Pasture which is leased of the common Lands. Notwithstanding all this, I should hardly have taken any public Notice of it at this Time, if the Evil did not seem to be of a growing Nature, and that upon the same Principles that part of these Commons have been leased out, Grants may be made of the whole; which I am persuaded would be to the Disadvantage of this City, in the single Article of Milk, many Times as much as the Profits of the Rents. I thought it the more necessary to mention this Matter now, because it is reported, that the Corporation have been petition'd, to grant or lease great Tracts of

these Commons—to People who have large Farms of their own adjoining. If this Report be true, I hope the Petitions will not be granted, nor any more of the kind,—for why should a few private Persons engross a Benefit that was intended to be common to the City? Those that are acquainted with old Towns and Cities in England, and other parts of the World, know how high a Value they set upon their Commons, from a long Experience of their Usefulness. The Advantages of the common Lands, to this City, can hardly yet, be duly estimated; but Time will shew their Importance, which will be every Day increasing; and if they are granted away, Posterity will have Reason to complain of Injustice.—That the Advantages of the Commons were taken away from the Commonalty of the City, and thrown into private Hands, who will set their own advanced Price upon whatever they part with, both off the common Lands, and their own.

I shall not attempt to point out all the Conveniences of these Commons to the City—One is; that they afford us at a small Expence, Earth for the Red Brick used in all our New-Buildings, and if we were deprived of those Lands, a great Advance in the Price of Bricks would certainly be the Consequence. We should also be deprived of the Stone, now much used for underpinning and other purposes, and affording Employment for Carmen in Times of Slackness of other Work.—Besides these and many other Articles which might be mentioned, These Lands are capable of many Improvements which might be made, for the common Benefit of the City—not for private Persons,—particularly, They might at the common Expence, be put into the best Order for Pasture, meadow, &c. with proper Enclosures, or other Conveniences, and Keepers beheld to look after the Cattle, and drive them to and from Town and Pasture—every Person might have the Liberty of pasturing a Number of Cattle, in proportion to the part he bore of the Expence.

It is also worth noting,—That since we are prohibited from Hunting or Shooting upon other Men's Lands, it is necessary that the Citizens should have some other Place for that Manly Diversion or Exercise; otherwise they will be in Danger of forgetting to use their Fire Arms with Dexterity, however necessary they may hereafter be for their own Defence—and of sinking into Effeminacy and Meanness.

W A R S A W, November 26.

The deliberations of the Dyet passed very quietly till the 21st, when the declarations of the Courts of Russia and Prussia, concerning the Greeks and Protestants, being read, the Assembly became very tumultuous, and many of the Members demanded, with great Impetuosity, that the Proposal of the Bishop of Cracovia should be signed. The King finding the Members were in a great Ferment, endeavoured to adjourn the Session to another Day, but not being able to accomplish it, his Majesty retired from the assembly. Then the Prince Primate was pressed to continue the Sessions, and the Marshall of the Dyet went so far as to declare, in the Name of his Party, that he would not quit the Place till the Affair was settled. This Importunity induced the Prince Primate to retire likewise; upon which the Nuncios were so irritated, that they suddenly left the Senate, in order to go to their own Place of meeting; and finding the Door locked, would have broke it open by Force, if some of the Senators had not interposed, and moderated their Fury.

The next Day the King addressed the States in a Speech, in which he expressed his Disapprobation of the Disorder which happened the Day before, and, after saying he should overlook it, recommended to the Nuncios to behave with more Decency for the future. The first Object treated of was the Demand of the Courts of Petersburg and Berlin, concerning the Plurality of Voices, which was agreed to, as to Affairs of Religion; the King declared that he would consent to have the Proposal of the Bishop of Cracovia communicated to the Bishop and Senators for their Consideration, and to have their Opinion of it on the Monday following, being the 23th Instant. The Primate declared, that he thought this Demand of His Majesty's very equitable; to which the Bishop of Cracovia likewise acquiesced, but declared at the same time, that he would not in the least depart from his Proposal and almost all the Nuncios were of the same Opinion.

Dantzick, Nov. 28. It is reported that 1000 Hussars, and two Regiments of Foot, in the Service of the King of Prussia, have entered Great Poland, and occupied Rawitz and that Neighbourhood.

L O N D O N,

Dec. 23. They write from Petersburg, that a very brisk trade is now carried on from that city, by land and water carriage, to Astracan, on the river Wolga, chiefly conducted by English merchants.

This day the Colony Agents presented petitions to the Board of Trade; and we hear, the same are soon to be laid before an august Assembly.

It is reported that the Court of Portugal hath consented, on certain conditions, to the establishment of an English factory, in one of the ports of Brazil; and that a very beneficial plan of commerce, to that kingdom, and her colonies, is under the consideration of our ministry.

Dec. 25. Governor Palliser has presented to the ministry a plan for building a new town on the Isle of Bois, on the Labradore coast, which, it is thought, will be carried in execution the ensuing summer.

We are told by certain advices from France, that, the French court are so sure of a war, now Lord Chatham has the sole direction of our affairs, that they have sent orders, together with large sums of money, to all their several sea-ports, to prepare and fit for sea all the ships they possibly can, with the greatest expedition.

Thursday his Grace the Duke of Bedford arrived from Wooburn Abbey, in Bedfordshire, at his Grace's house in Bloomsbury-square. It is said that he is come to town upon business of great importance, with respect to some approaching changes in the administration.

The new arrangement it settled; the Earl of Northampton retires; the Earl of Chatham, as minister, takes the presidency of the council, which will restore that board to its constitutional importance; Earl Gower is to be Lord privy seal; Earl of Hillsborough to be first Lord of the admiralty; Sir Edward Hawke, to be created a peer; Lord Weymouth, to be joint-post-master; General Conway goes to the military line; Charles Townshend, Esq; to be secretary of state; Lord North, to be chancellor of the exchequer; and Richard Rigby, Esq; to be joint-pay-master. This will establish a firm, able, and lasting administration.

Extract of a letter from Cephalonia, (a considerable island of Greece, belonging to the Venetians) dated October 18, 1766.

“On the 31st of May last, we had a most furious hurricane, accompanied with hail, as large as nuts, which seemed to threaten the total destruction of the island. All the steeples of the churches were blown down, the largest olive-trees, as well as all other sorts of trees, torn up by the roots; country-houses and vine-yards, &c. carried away, and the roofs were blown about in the air like leaves of trees. The sea, which is always calm in the port of Argostoli, swelled at this time to such a degree, that the waves ran over the highest mountains; and as they began to overflow the town, our terror was insupportable. We all thought ourselves on the brink of perishing, without any possibility of succour. Four oxen, usually employed in labour, and which were then grazing in the plains of Lixuri, about two miles from the sea, were washed away, and we were afterwards greatly surprised to find them on the shore of Argostoli, one of them still alive, the three others dead. This fatal hurricane continued fifteen minutes.

“On the 24th of July, we felt a violent shock of the earth, which lasted three minutes, and was followed the same day by three other slight shocks. The land has continued in motion for fifty days, and we still often feel pretty considerable shocks. Many houses have been thrown down, and the rest are nearly all damaged; so that we are obliged to lie in the open fields. The shocks have been general throughout the island, as well in the plains as the mountains; and about 20 persons have perished.”

Dec. 29. On Saturday evening the Earl of Shelburne, and the Right Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, his Majesty's Secretaries of State, arrived in town, and were yesterday at court.

Dec. 30. With regard to the many impertinent suggestions concerning a change in the administration, we have to say, upon good information, that there may be some alterations from party and family connections, but there is no probability of any of the chiefs of the present administration quitting their employments.

We hear that Lord Clive hath been requested, by the East-India Company, to remain in India two years longer.

They write from Scotland, that the public wait with the greatest impatience and anxiety the determination of the great cause of Douglass, the greatest and most extraordinary question that ever came before any judicature. It is finally to be determined in Scotland on the 26th of January next, by the Lords Judges of the Council and Session; and it is expected that there will be a greater multitude assembled that day, than ever has been known on a like occasion.

We are credibly informed, that what has been reported of his Majesty's intending to visit his Dominions in Germany the ensuing Summer, is void of Foundation.

Advices received by this Day's Mail say, that some fresh Bodies of Russian Forces have actually entered Great-Poland.

H A L I F A X, in Nova-Scotia, Feb. 19. It is reported that the Right Honourable Lord

Colville is to Majesty's Square. On Tuesday Fire broke out great violence tinged with consuming the some wood wh Officer's Guard and continued last it broke out some prisoners Life, by jumpi

B O Messieurs P THE following very dirty a from a Lett ther — in Extrat of a L in Bofe

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Honourable Lord

Colville is to return to Halifax and command His Majesty's Squadron in North America.

On Tuesday last about twelve o'clock at night, a Fire broke out at the main guard, which burnt with great violence for near an hour, but was happily extinguished without doing any further damage than consuming the same. It is said to be occasioned by some wood which was lodged in the chimney of the Officer's Guard Room imperceptibly catching fire and continued smothering for several hours, till at last it broke out in the upper part of the house where some prisoners were confined, one of whom saved his Life, by jumping out of the window.

BOSTON, March 2.

Messieurs PRINTERS,  
THE following is said to be a genuine Copy of a very dirty anonymous Extract, said to be taken from a Letter from one—in London, to another—in Boston.

Extract of a Letter from London, to a Gentleman in Boston, dated December 13, 1766.

THERE is a spirit rising in Parliament very different from that which prevailed during the last Session. It was then made the Shibboleth of party to support all the American claims, and Mr. Pitt's extreme animosity against his brother, led him to condemn every thing he had done merely because it was his doing. He now seems to be recovering himself, and one of the first Offers Lord Chatham made in his negotiation the other day with the D. of Bedford, was to maintain the King's authority in all his dominions.

Yesterday he spoke a language of the same sort in the house of Lords. The rioting against the custom house officers in your province, was mentioned in the house of Commons early in the Session, when the chancellor of the Ex-r declared in the strongest terms that so long as he was in office, he would not suffer the authority of the King's laws to be trampled upon, and that he thought it the highest injury to the nation to suffer the acts of the British Parliament to be broken with impunity. And the whole house seemed animated with the same spirit, so that if your assembly will suffer themselves to be led by that very absurd ignorant Firebrand, he may bring them into a worse scrape than they can imagine.

In a Debate in a very respectable Assembly last Friday, an Extract of an anonymous Letter, said to be written in England, was read, which concluded with the following words, "So that if your Assembly will suffer themselves to be led by that very absurd ignorant Firebrand, he may bring them into a worse Scrape than they can imagine."

Upon which it was Resolved,  
"That the Words were an high Insult, and a Breach of Privilege; and that the Person who wrote them, was an Enemy to this Province."

NEW-LONDON, March 6.

About Six Weeks ago, the Wife of Mr. William Cary of Windham, in this Colony, was delivered of Three living Children, Two Boys and a Girl, two of which are still alive: And,

About 10 o'clock on Friday Morning last the Wife of Mr. Silas Flint, of the same Town, was safely delivered of Four perfect Children, all Girls. The Parents of them being of indifferent Circumstances in Life, a Collection was immediately made by some charitable Gentlemen, for the support of the Children: However, they are all since dead; Two of them died the Evening after they were born, and the other Two the next Day in the Forenoon.

PROVIDENCE, March 7.

On the first instant a vessel was launched above the Great-Bridge in this town, which was immediately after taken through the bridge, where a most melancholy affair ensued: A lad about 19 years of age the only son of David Williamson, Esq; of this town, being on board, the tide rapid, the vessel crowding near the side to which the draw-bridge was suspended, the lad, with others attempting to prevent her galling, and he standing at the fore end of the quarter deck rail, his head was caught between the end of the rail, and one of the joists of the bridge, which crushed his head to pieces in an instant: So sudden and violent was the blow, that he was not observed to make the least motion.

NEW-YORK, March 12.

Yesterday a great Number of Gentlemen, who chose publicly to celebrate the Anniversary of the Repeal of the STAMP-ACT, met at the House of Edward Bardin, where an elegant Entertainment was prepar'd, and after Dinner the following loyal and patriotic Toasts were drank.

T O A S T S.

1. THE KING.
2. The QUEEN.
3. The Prince of Wales, and all the Royal Family.
4. May the Illustrious House of Hanover never want an Heir to Rule the British Empire.
5. Perpetual Amity and good Will, between Great-Britain and her Colonies.

6. May Protection and Indulgence ever produce Love, Gratitude and Loyalty.

7. The truly Patriotic Ministry of the Year 1766.

8. The Glorious Majority of both Houses the same Year.

9. Navy and Army.

10. Governor and Province.

11. Lord Chatham.

12. Secretary Conway.

13. Duke of Grafton.

14. Marquis of Rockingham.

15. Lord Shelburn.

16. Lord Dartmouth.

17. Lord Cambden.

18. Mr. Dowdeswell.

19. General Howard.

20. Colonel Barre.

21. Mr. Charles Townsend.

22. Mr. Nicholas Ray.

23. The Friends of America, in Great-Britain and elsewhere.

And the Evening concluded with Illuminations and the greatest Harmony.

At a Council held at Fort-George, in the City of New-York, on Wednesday the Eleventh Day of March, 1767.

P R E S E N T,

His Excellency SIR HENRY MOORE,  
BARONET, CAPTAIN-GENERAL, &c.

Mr. HORSMANDEN,

Mr. SMITH,

Mr. WATTS,

Mr. WALTON,

Mr. DELANCEY,

Mr. APHORPE,

Mr. READE.

THE Council having duly considered all the Proofs and Allegations offered on the Part of the Complainants, Daniel Nimham, and the other Indians of the Wappinger Tribe, in Support of their Claim to certain Lands, granted by Letters Patent, to Adolph Philipse, dated the Seventeenth of June, 1697; as likewise, the Proofs offered by Roger Morris, Beverley Robinson, and Philip Philipse, in Support of their Title, under the said Adolph Philipse; and after admitting every kind of Proof, that could be offered by the Complainants.

UPON the whole Matter, His Excellency the Governor, and the Council, are unanimously of Opinion, and do declare, That the Indians now living of the Wappinger Tribe, have no Right, Title, or Claim to the Lands granted as aforesaid, by Letters Patent to the said Adolph Philipse; that the original Indian Title thereto, hath been long since extinguished, by Purchases honestly and fairly made.—That the Title to the said Lands, both in Law and Equity, is vested in the present Proprietors under the said Letters Patent, notwithstanding any Indian Claim whatever: And that the Complaint of the said Indians, to which they have been wholly excited by white Persons, with a View to Countenance and Support their own illegal Pretensions to the Lands, is Vexatious and unjust, and as such ought to be, and is hereby accordingly dismissed.

A true Copy, examined, by  
Gw. BANYAR, D.S. Cl. Con.

From the PHILADELPHIA CHRONICLE.

A Correspondent Requests, that some Gentlemen in the different Colonies would send their respective Printers accurate Lists of the Churches and Houses of Religious Worship of every Denomination, in each Colony—not only as Matter of Speculation, but to answer other valuable purposes.

By an History of the Province of New-Jersey, lately published, wherein the Number in each County is mention'd, it appears he says, that there are in that Government, of Episcopal Churches 21, Meeting Houses of Presbyterians 46, Quakers 38, Dutch Calvinists 21, Baptists 19, Dutch Lutherans 7, Seventh Day Baptists 2, Moravians 1.

One Rogers, a Soldier, in the 46th Regiment, who was lately condemned to be Shot for Disobedience, found Means to save his Comrades the Trouble of putting the Sentence in Execution, by making his Escape out of the Fort about 3 o'clock on Thursday Morning, notwithstanding he was in Irons in a close Room,

We had extreme cold Weather for some Days past, and 'tis said last Friday was colder by two Degrees than any Day we had all last Winter.

A Letter from a Personage with whom the Printer would be unwilling to have any Dealings or Correspondence, has been received.—But could not be taken into Consideration this Week.—And tho' we must be so free as to tell the Gentleman we cannot correspond with him, without Injury to our Reputation, yet with regard to what has been done, we shall endeavour to give even him, his due, tho' he be the D—l. (We have postponed Publicola's Piece, in hopes of an Answer to the Hint in our last.)

\* Nothing Material by the Boston Post.

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.  
Warner, from Rhode-Island, Alberman, Philadelphia. Haffeld, Liverpool. Boyle, Dublin.  
Outward Entries.—Wright, and Wilson, for Quebec.  
Boyle, Haverfordwest.  
Cleared for Departure.—Coffin, to Nantucket. Hoyt, and Calder, Jamaica. Diarce, Newfoundland, Robinson, Honduras.

A Choice New

CLAVICHORD,

Lately imported from EUROPE,  
Has Four Stops, and is esteem'd an excellent Instrument, To be sold by  
DAVID PHILIPS,

At the Sign of the Horse and Cart. (63 66)

To be sold by the Subscriber on the Premises, at Ten o'clock on Monday the 20th of April next,

At PUBLIC VENDUE,  
Or at PRIVATE SALE, any Time before:

A Very valuable Plantation, situate in Freehold, in the County of Monmouth, East New-Jersey, containing about One Hundred and Twenty or Thirty Acres of Land, on which is a large convenient House, Stable, Shed, Barn, and other out-Houses, fit for a Tavern.—One having been kept there many Years in constant and full Business, being an extraordinary good Place for that Purpose, on the public Road from Burlington to Shrewsbury: About 80 Acres of the Land are cleared and in good Fence; 30 Acres whereof are good English Meadow, and more may be made; it is well water'd, and has on it an extraordinary Spa Spring, which vents a considerable Quantity of Water, and has been found very beneficial in many different Disorders: A Brook which works a Saw-Mill not far distant, runs thro' the Land passing near the House, and waters each Field with a running Stream: There is a good Out-let to common Lands for Cattle, so that large Stocks may be raised with little Trouble. At the same Time and Place will be sold, a Variety of farming Utensils, Household Goods, and Furniture; such as Beds, Bedding, and Abundance of very valuable Goods, which it would be tedious to mention, together with a large Number of Cattle and Horses. And,

A L S O:

A Lot of Land in Prince-Town, near the College, on which is a large Dwelling House very well finished, five lodging Rooms, an Entry thro' it, a Stone Cellar under the whole, a Kitchen adjoining, a Stone Well of excellent Water at the Door, all very good.—Any Person inclining to purchase either of the above Places, or any of the Particulars mention'd, by applying to me, on the Plantation first mention'd, in Freehold, may know the Conditions.

CHARLES LUGAS.

N. B. The Vendue to begin at Ten o'clock, and continue from Day to Day, till all are sold. (63 66)

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a late Meeting of some of the Proprietors of Lot No. 2, in the Great or Hordenberg's Patent; it was unanimously agreed, immediately to Survey and lay out to each Proprietor the Lot he is entitled to, according to the Petition, among the Heirs of Mr. Leonard Lewis; and they then chose the Hon. Joseph Reade, Esq, Messrs. William Ludlow, Peter Van Brugh Livingston, and Baltus Van Kleeck, a Committee for getting such Survey and Subdivision performed; who propose to proceed upon the same as soon as the Season will permit.—Therefore all Persons interested in the said Lot No. 2, are desired to furnish the Committee with a Note of their respective Titles, and Shares therein, without delay, that Justice may be done to all concerned.

New-York, March 12, 1767.

(63 66)

Philadelphia, March 9, 1767.

YESTERDAY Morning, Ran away from the Subscriber, a Dutch indentured Servant Man, named PHILIP NOLD, about 30 Years of Age or upwards, is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, broad set, black Hair, and dark Complexion, speaks Dutch, French and English; had on when he went away, an old Beaver Hat, a blue Cloth Coat and Waistcoat, with flat Metal Buttons, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, almost new, a Pair of dark blue worsted rid'd Stockings, a Shirt made of Russia Sheetting, and a Pair of channel Boots half worn; took with him a Pair of Shoes half worn, and a Shirt, fellow to the one he had on.—Whoever takes up and secures said Run away, so that his Master may have him again, shall by applying to the Subscriber in Philadelphia, or Samuel Bowne, Merchant, in New-York, have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward, and all reasonable Charges paid.

BENJAMIN KENDALL.

N. B. He went away with two other Servants, his Ship Mates. (63 66)

To be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday the 9th of April next, at Ten o'clock in the Forenoon, on the Premises:

TWO Lots of Ground, situate in the Out-Ward of this City, fronting a Street known by the Name of Cherry-Street, being Lot No. 7, and 8: each Lot being Twenty-five Feet in breadth in Front and Rear, and Two Hundred Feet in Length, from Front to Rear: A good Title will be given to the Purchasers by

JOHN R. MARSHALL, and

SUSANNA MARSHALL.

The Conditions will be made known at the Time of Sale.

New-York, March 19, 1767.

THE sale of the household furni-

ture of Mr. Melancthon Smith; consisting of beds, looking-glasses, mahogany and common chairs, table sets of china, a chintz bed and window curtains, tables, carpets, &c. Having been postponed yesterday on account of the weather, will begin on Monday morning next, at 10 o'clock, at his house in Oswego-Street, near the North-River. 63  
New-York, March 19, 1767.

To be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday the 3rd Day of April next, at Three o'clock in the Afternoon, on the Premises,

TEN Years and a Half Lease of a Dwelling House and Lot of Ground in Broad-Way, part of a Piece of Ground commonly called the Vineyard, nearly opposite Mr. Gerrit Van Den Bergh's; now in possession of Mary Darcey: The House has three Fire places, the Lot is 25 Feet Front and Rear, and 100 Feet Long. 63-65

N. B. The Lot is Subject to £3. a Year ground Rent.

To be sold at VENDUE, on the 6th Day of April next, on the Premises, or at Private Sale, any Time before.

A LOT of Ground lying near

the Ship-Yards, two Doors from Mr. JAMES DRABROSSER, next Door to a Corner-House on the angle of two Streets, and on a very good Slip. The Lot runs 100 Feet back from the Street, and is in Front 24 Feet 9 Inches, and in Rear 13 Feet 8 Inches. There is on it next the Street, a new built House, (filling up all the Lot from the Front to the depth of 34 Feet back. There is a very good dry Stone Cellar, 7 Feet Deep, under the whole House, which is 2 Stories high, besides a Garret, and contains a good Cellar Kitchen, with 2 handsome Rooms over it, in the first and second Stories; with two large elegant Rooms below and two above, in Front; in which 6 Rooms are 5 Fire places, besides the Kitchen; the whole is completely finished in the most genteel Manner. There is a very good Cistern belonging to the House, and a Pump within 2 or 3 Doors. At the Back of the House is a slip of Ground running 120 Feet from the House into the Cross-Street; at the Street it is 6 Feet Wide, and spreads to 14 Feet at the inner End. The whole is now in the Occupation of the Subscriber, where it may be seen, and a good Title will be given to the Purchaser. 63-65

ABRAHAM ANTHONY.



ADVERTISEMENTS for this Paper, left with Mrs. FERRARI, at the Merchants Coffee-House, will be carefully forwarded and duly inserted.

### For the BENEFIT of the POOR, THIS Evening in a commo-

diout room, which is now fitted up in a theatrical manner, for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen, at the sign of the Orange tree, on Golden-Hill, will be presented the noted BAYLY'S performances, by Dexterity of Hand, with a variety of curious Balances, by the noted HYMNS, lately arrived from Saddle's Wells; with the facitious humours of Mr. Punch, his family, and company of artificial comedians three feet high; a view of the sea, with ships, mermaids, fish, sea monsters, &c. which is allowed the most natural curiosity of the kind ever seen; and a court of twenty-five figures, or assembly of maids and bachelors.

Boxes 4s.—Front seats 3s.—Second seats 2s.—Back seats 1s.—for children.

N. B. They continue their performances every evening, Sundays excepted.

Any let company may have a private performance at two o'clock, any day, on giving four hours notice.

To be sold by the Subscriber, on reasonable Terms. Plantation, lying on the great Road from Bound-Brook to Baskin-Ridge, and about 1 Miles from Bound-Brook; containing, besides the usual Allowance for high Ways, 103 Acres of Land, whereon is a good Logg-House, a living Spring at the Door, and about 30 Acres of cleared Land: Whoever inclines to purchase the said Place, may apply to CORNELIUS BOGART, on Rariton, in the Township of Bridgewater; who will give an indisputable Title for the same.

THE SUBSCRIBER, who has for some Time past kept School in Company with Mr. Jackson, in the Exchange, intends to remove at May, to the Corner of Stone-Street, to the House where Mr. Innes now lives; where he will continue to teach, Reading, Writing, Cyphering, and Latin, &c. as usual. In Compliance with the Advice of his Friends, he has agreed to reduce his Price.

Those Gentlemen, who shall be pleased to entrust him with the Education of their Children, may depend upon having it executed with the greatest Care and Accuracy.

He takes this Opportunity of returning Thanks to those, who have already encouraged him, and hopes by his Assiduity and Diligence to merit a Continuance of their Favours; and by the Progress of his Scholars, to prove himself worthy the Confidence they have reposed in him. PETER WILSON.

### TO BE SOLD,

Plantation within the Bounds of Middletown, in East New-Jersey, containing two or three Hundred Acres, more or less, as may best suit the Purchaser, lying within one Mile and a half of Middletown Point, within a Mile of a Grist-Mill, and half a Mile of a Saw-Mill; also about two Miles from Singora-Bay, where is great plenty of Fish, Oysters, and Clams; there is on the Land, a good Dwelling-House and Orchard, about sixty Acres of Upland and Meadow cleared, all in good Fence; on the Wood-Land is good Timber for sawing, together with fencing Timber, and Cord Wood: The Tract is bounded Southerly and Northerly by two clear brooks, and Westerly by Lands of James Kearney: Whoever inclines to purchase may apply to said JAMES KEARNEY, near the Premises, who will give an indisputable Title for the same.

Norwalk, March 12, 1767.

Fairfield County ss. WHEREAS pursuant to an Act, entitled, "An Act, for preventing Fraud in Debtors, &c." We the Subscribers, are by David Rowland, Esq; Judge of Fairfield County Court, and Robert Fairchild, Esq; Justice of Quorum, within and for said County; appointed Trustees of the Estate of Samuel Rogers of said Norwalk, an insolvent Debtor: We hereby notify the Creditors of said Rogers, to meet (if they see cause) at the Dwelling House of Mr. Jonathan Ketchum, Inn-holder, in said Norwalk, on Thursday the 9th Day of April next, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon; to approve or disapprove of any or both the Trustees aforesaid, and choose others in the Room of such as may be disapproved.

62 65 ASA SPALDING, } Trustees.  
JOHN CANNON. }

WE the Subscribers being appointed Trustees of the Estate of Benjamin Kellogg, of Ridgefield, in the County of Fairfield; hereby notify the said Kellogg's Creditors, to meet at the Dwelling House of John Whitlocke, in Ridgebury Parish, in said Town of Ridgefield, on the 6th Day of April next, at two o'clock in the Afternoon; to approve or disapprove of all or any of said Trustees, and choose others in the Room of such as may be disapproved.

JOSEPH CRANE, Junr. } Trustees.  
SAMUEL STARR. }

Fairfield, in the Colony of Connecticut, March 7, 1767.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all the Creditors of Zachariah Sickels, an absconding Debtor, of Brooklin, in King's-County, to appear at the House of Doctor Van Beuren, at Flatbush, in said County, on Wednesday the 27th Day of May next, at 10 of the Clock in the Forenoon; to receive their Dividend, of said Sickels's Estate.

ARES REMSEN, } Trustees.  
PHILIP NAGEL, }  
PETERUS VAN STEENBERG, }

March the 9th, 1767. 62-65

### A German Servant Maid,

WHO can spin, knit, sew, wash, and do most sorts of kitchen and house work, and has 4 years to serve, To be sold on reasonable terms. Inquire of the Printer at the Exchange. 62 65

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

TO BE SOLD, at public vendue, on Tuesday the 31st instant, March, (or at any time before at private sale) a valuable farm, containing about 320 acres of land, situate in the Township of Amwell, in the county of Hunterdon, West-New-Jersey, about 200 acres thereof cleared, and in good fence, the remainder well timbered; it is good kind land for wheat, a sufficient quantity of meadow cleared, and in clover, timothy and spear grass, and more might be made, great part of which might readily be watered with little expense; on said premises is pleasantly situated a good brick house, genteelly finished, two stories high, 48 feet long, and 33 feet wide, cellars under the whole, four rooms on a floor, a fireplace in each, with a large entry, and the same above, a good brick kitchen and stove room adjoining, with a well of constant good water by the door; a new brick shop, a few rods from the house, with a counting-room, cellar, &c. a large frame barn, covered with cedar shingles, barracks, cow-house, &c. mostly new, and in good repair; several good bearing orchards, consisting of a large collection of the best grafted fruit; a stone grist mill laid in lime and sand, 50 feet long, and 40 feet wide, with two pair of stones, in good order, boulds, hoists, &c. by water; it stands on the south-branch of Rariton-River, a never failing stream of water, in the centre of a plentiful wheat country, where any quantity might be bought reasonably; it is 25 miles from Trenton, and the same distance from Brunswick, 12 miles from Delaware River; which is navigable great part of the year to Philadelphia, it being conveniently situated for New-York or Philadelphia markets, and a good place for trade, there having been a store kept for a number of years past; there is near the mill several convenient buildings for a miller, cooper, &c. The mill will be sold separate from the farm, if required, with a sufficiency of meadow, pasture, timber land, &c. to accommodate it, as might suit the purchaser. At the same time will be sold with the above farm, a lot of wood land, containing between 60 and 70 acres, well timbered, about 3 quarters of a mile distant, with good level ground for a road to the same.

It is expected the purchaser will pay one third of the purchase money on the executing the deed, one third a year after, and the remaining third at two years, or might have any reasonable time to make the two last payments, paying interest, and giving security if required. If it should suit the purchaser, they can have the stock on the farm at a very reasonable price, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, and all sorts of farmers utensils, &c. also about 60 acres of green wheat and rye in the ground. An indisputable title will be given for the premises, by me (62 62) GEORGE READING.

Just published and to be sold at the Printing-Office at the Exchange,

THE HEIDELBERG CATECHISM, OR METHOD OF INSTRUCTION IN THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION, as the same is taught in the Reformed Churches and Schools of HOLLAND:

Translated for the Use of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, of the City of New-York, examined, compared, and approved by the Consistory of the same, and by them recommended for the Use of Schools, and order'd to be printed. 2nd Edition.

To the Inhabitants of the City of New-York. THE Subscriber has some time past, (and he trusts not without the approbation of his employers) taught a Grammar School, next door to Doctor Murray's at the Fly-market; and hopes, those who know the worth of learning, and the most advantageous method of acquiring it, will on being acquainted with his plan render it worth his while to pursue a branch of business on which the good of community so much depends.

The subscriber is very sensible, that a bare advertisement of a school, can be no proof of its worth; and therefore desires (nor is his desire insincere) that any of his patrons, or friends of literature, who think it not beneath them, to inspect seminaries of learning, will visit his school, and critically observe his method of government and instruction; and that none may be disappointed, he gives the following sketch of each.—Nothing but instruction and correction disturbs the most profound silence.—all immorality is sure of the lash,—negligence of a frown, and industry of deserved praise.—Instead of losing the improvement of half a day's study, and spending the time in contracting idle and vicious habits, his pupils by attending school, Thursday's in the afternoon, gain the advantage of near a day in the week.—His method of instruction is very different from that of any teacher in town. It is that used and recommended from long experience, by the late Rev. Doctor Finley, and at present practised by Messrs. Kerres and Pemberton, at Elizabeth-Town; whether it be good or bad is referred to the determination of the reader.—He takes not a little pains to assist nature in making his pupils orators:—With what success those who will be kind enough to visit his school may observe.

He also teaches geometry, trigonometry, algebra, surveying, and navigation.—His price for instruction is 30s. per quarter; but as doubtless some estimate learning by the expense of acquiring it, he will take something more rather than lose a pupil. He also proposes about the first of April, to open a school to begin at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, for the assistance of young ladies in the study of geography, and logic.—He will be glad to serve such as shall think him worthy their encouragement, but employment from others, is not desired by The public's humble servant

62 65 NATHANIEL NILES.

### William Elphinston,

TEACHES Persons of both Sexes, from 12 Years of Age and upwards, to write a good legible Hand in six Weeks, at one Hour per Day, at home or abroad; or in three weeks, if they attend twice a Day.—Specimens of Person's Writing in the above Spaces of Time, are to be seen at his House in the Broad-Way, opposite to the Lane that leads to the Free-School. 61

A Great Variety of Books and Stationary Ware, to be sold at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

New-York, March 20, 1767.

### The SUBSCRIBER

PURPOSES to open a Morning and Evening School, for the Instruction of Youth in Writing and Arithmetic—to commence the first of April next, and continue to the first of October following.—Attendance will be given from six to eight in the Morning, and from five to seven in the Evening precisely.—It is imagined that this Plan may suit some of both Sexes, who attend other Places of Education at different Periods, for other Purposes.—Whoever is pleased to Favour this Scheme, may depend on being served with Fidelity; as there will be no Deeds, Bills, Bonds, &c. or any Kind of Writing done, but such as will have a direct Tendency to promote the general Good of the School, which has constantly been the principal View of the Instructor, and on which Account he has rejected every Thing that he thought would be incompatible with the Duty of a Teacher.

(62 65)

HUGH HUGHES.

### TO BE SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A Good Plantation containing 350 Acres of Land, situate in Perquannock, in Morris County, East New-Jersey, by Rockaway-River, on a public Road, about 4 Miles below Hibernia Furnace (where there is a good Market for all Country Produce) well situated for a Tavern, and Store, with about 100 Acres of Plough Land cleared, and more may be cleared, with a good Log-House, Stone and Lime Stone provided for a Stone House, a fram'd Barn and Barracks, a Tan-Yard; and also a young bearing Orchard, and about Twenty-five Acres of cleared Meadow, which affords between 45 and 50 Loads of Hay in a Year, and as much more may be made, all in good Fence, the whole well timbered and watered: Any Person inclining to Buy, may apply to the Subscriber on the Premises.

ADAM MILLER.

N. B. There is also, about Twenty-five Acres of Wheat and Rye in the Ground, may be purchased with the Premises; and also a sufficient Quantity of Shingles and Boards to build a House, and also Twelve Head of Cattle. 61 64

### HENRY WILMOT,

Has imported in the last vessels from London, and Bristol, and will sell very cheap, at the late Mr. Joseph Hays's Store, in the Street between the French and New Dutch Churches:

REBBONS of all sorts, plain and flowered gauzes, black and brown peeling satins; figured farfanes, sewing silks of all colours, Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats; blond laces of all sorts, and other new fashion'd trimmings; men's and women's gloves, superfine chip hats and bonnets, both plain, trimmed, and for covering, variety of new fashioned caps, Italian head-dresses, plumes and breast flowers; very neat ivory and common fans, paste set and japaned hair pins; elegant paste and double gilt shoe and knee buckles; paste and mock garnet necklaces and ear-rings, with a variety of other jewellery and some cutlery: black, white, & other coloured plain and ribb'd silk and worsted stockings, worsted and silk gloves and mitts; a few pieces of rich ornamental china, which will be sold very cheap; cut, flowered and plain wine glasses and decanters; very neat gold laces, bindings, cord and chain loopings; gold thread, and gold and silver knee garters; Saxon green and red naps, brown, blue and scarlet new fashioned bath coating, blue and scarlet German serges, striped, spotted and coloured flannels; broad black callimancoes, quality and shoe binding; writing paper of different sorts, Wares best Scotch snuff in bladders; pins, needles, and combs of all sorts; neat dressing, and cheap looking-glasses; court plaster, shaving powder and wash balls, powdering and shaving boxes; a fresh assortment of the best bleached, stained and prepared hair, with all sorts of wig-makers trimmings; womens and maids callimanco shoes, childrens red Morocco pumps; raven duck and best Russia bed ticks, bend leather, soles and London drawn boot legs and vamps.—Also, the very best Durham flour of mustard-seed, in pound, half pound and quarter pound bottles; with many other articles. 61 64

### JOHN DAVAN,

Of the City of New-York, Breaches-maker, informs the Public, THAT he has removed from the Slip-market, to the house lately occupied by John Ute, near the Fly-market;—where he continues to make and sell, all kinds of leather-breaches as usual.—He begs leave to return thanks for the favours he has already received, and hopes for a continuance of his former customers, to whom it will be his constant study to give satisfaction.—New-York, 15th of Feb. 1767.

A good tenement next adjoining the above house, to be let, consisting of two good rooms, besides a shop, kitchen, and cellar, fit for a tradesman or shop-keeper. 59 65

### STOLEN out of the House of

Mrs. JANE SLOAN, in Smith-Street; on Tuesday Evening the 24th Instant, the following Goods: One Piece of Scarlet Broad-Cloth, 2 Pieces of Scarlet, 1 Piece of Crimson, 1 Piece of Yellow, & 1 Piece of 2 Yards wide black, Flannels:—Any Person who will discover the above Goods, or the Person that has taken them, shall be handsomely rewarded for their Pains, by JANE SLOAN.

N. B. If the above Goods, or any of them are offered to Sale, they are desired to be stopped on Suspicion. 60-63

### Thomas Bridgen Attwood,

HAS imported by the last Vessels from London, a fresh and general Assortment of Drugs and Medicines, which he will sell at the very lowest Prices, wholesale and retail, at his Store in Broad-Street; where, as he gives constant Attendance himself, Family Prescriptions will be carefully made up, Country Orders punctually executed, and the Favours duly acknowledged.

The most approved patented Medicines, warranted genuine, from the Original Warehouses. 47 (ctf)



SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL,  
OR GENERAL ADVERTISER.—NUMB. 1263.

THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1767.

L O N D O N, Nov. 10.

SATURDAY morning, about two o'clock, as a well dressed gentleman was going along the Strand, near Exeter Exchange, he espied a number of people about a Lady of the Town, who was barbarously used, and cruelly beat, by a scoundrel; he wondering that none stepped in to assist the injured damsel, immediately rushed in among the crowd, and dragged the fellow into the kennel. The active fair one, during this combat, picked his pocket of a gold watch, and slipped away undiscovered.

*Spawick, Nov. 7.* On Wednesday last a melancholy accident happened at a Farmer's at Ardleigh, in Essex. Some arsenick being dissolved in a pail of water to steep some feed-wheat in, a boy inadvertently filled a kettle with the water, which was made tea of, and drank by the Farmer, his wife and child, and a visitor. The child died that night; but it is hoped the rest will recover.

CHARLES-TOWN, (South-Carolina) Jan. 5.  
Jan. 12. On Wednesday arrived here, in the ship Heathcote, from London, Messrs. James and Hugh Penman, Mr. McDougall, and Mr. Biffitt, with their servants and baggage, on their way to settle in East-Florida, having, as we hear, obtained grants for large bodies of land in that province.

Thursday put into this port, having been blown off the banks of Newfoundland, the snow Delaware, Richard Blyth, master.

This day put in here, in distress, the sloop Sarah and Susanah, Josiah Smith, master, from St. Croix bound for Virginia; and the schooner Urania from Bolton, bound for St. Augustine, the late master, Edward Gros, having been washed over board on New-Year's day, off Winyah bar.

Altho' 18 sea vessels have departed this Port since our last, the arrivals in the same time, makes the number of vessels now here, amount to 108 sail, viz, 22 ships, 13 snows, one billander, 28 brigantines, 11 schooners, and 23 sloops.

Jan. 19. In the ship Minerva, Capt. John Barnes who arrived here last Thursday from London, came twenty nine passengers, going from hence to East-Florida, amongst them Capt. Woolride with his family, who, we hear is appointed provost-marshal of that province.

The same day, put into this port, in distress, the schooner Gull, Charles Bolt, master, from Anguilla bound for Bolton.

About the same time arrived off St. Augustine, a brig, from England, with Dennys Rolle, Esq; (member of parliament) and more new settlers on board for East-Florida.

Jan. 26 The exportation of Indian corn continues, although that grain sells at twenty shillings per bushel, and by accounts from most parts of the country there is a manifest appearance of approaching scarcity.

Last Saturday his Majesty's ship Sardoine, commanded by James Hawker, Esq; and her tender returned from a cruise.

Feb. 9. The honourable commons house of assembly of this province, have voted and ordered the sum of five thousand pounds to be remitted to Barbados, for the relief of the unhappy sufferers by the late fires in that island.

The same day also put in here, the brig Sally, Lawrence Cummings, from Jamaica for London, very leaky.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.

By Captain Simpson, from South-Carolina, we are informed, that about Twelve o'clock at Night of the 13th ult. a Fire broke out at Charlestown; began in a Apothecary's Shop, which was entirely consumed; but there being no Wind, it was happily extinguished without spreading any farther, other-

wise the Town would have been in great Danger. —On the 15th Captain Simpson spoke a Brig from Boston for South-Carolina, about 35 Leagues to the Eastward of the Bar; she had been out 11 Days, all well.

By Captain Harris, from Barbados we learn, that a Brig, belonging to England, from Barbados for this Port, after beating some time on our Coast, was obliged to bear away for the West-Indies, and arrived at that Island: Also that a Snow, belonging to Scotland, bound here for a load of Wheat, being blown off our Coast, had put in there in Distress, and was afterwards seized by the Searcher. On the 15th ult. in Lat. 26. 28. Long. 66. 14, he spoke a Schooner from St. Eustatia for Boston, all well.

And on Tuesday last James M'Cullam was found dead, in the House of Bryan Connolly, in Southwark, supposed to have been in Liquor, and to have died of a Fit.

Extract of a letter from Charles-Town, Maryland, February 19.

"This day a negroe women of mine was delivered, with great difficulty, of a child or children, joined together in the fore parts, from the neck to the groin, having two heads, four arms, four legs and thighs, four breasts or nipples, and but one navel, they were females.

Thermometry and Meteorology at New-York, Feb. 1767, by American.

Note, the 1st Column, is the Day of the Month, the 2nd the highest by Day, from 11 to 2, the 3d the lowest by Night, from 11 to 2, 4th the Wind, from 11 to 2, Day.

1 38 18 N. W.	Sun, cloudy, frost in the Eve.
2 27 31 W. N. W.	Cloudy, sun, cloudy in the Eve.
3 34 11 N.	Sun, cloudy, gale.
4 11 28 W. N. W.	Sun, cloudy in the Eve.
5 32 10 Ditto.	Sun, stormy gale, cloudy, snow.
6 19 12 N. W.	Sun, cloudy, gale.
7 28 13 N. W.	Sun, cloudy, clear Eve.
8 45 18 Ditto.	Sun, cloudy.
9 42 18 Variable.	Cloudy, sun, rain, fog Eve.
10 41 10 W.	Cloudy, sun, hail, stiff gale.
11 32 12 Variable.	Sun, cloudy.
12 39 12 Ditto.	Sun, fine Day.
13 34 10 N. E.	Sun, cloudy, snow.
14 31 27 N. N. W.	Snow, cloudy, sun.
15 19 17 W. by N.	Sun, halo of the moon.
16 37 10 W.	Sun, cloud, snow.
17 26 11 W. N. W.	Sun.
18 24 15 N. N. W.	Ditto, and cloud Eve.
19 39 18 S.	Sun, cloud, gale.
20 33 10 S. S. W.	Sun, cloud, breeze, very fine day
21 36 18 W. to	Sun, cloud, strong
22 29 16 N. W.	Sun, gale.
23 34 18 S. E.	Sun, thick from Noon.
24 37 27 N. N. E.	Sun, cloud, mild, snow 6 inches.
25 38 11 W. by S.	Ditto Sun, fine day over head.
26 47 12 Ditto.	Ditto.
27 49 13 S. by W.	Sun, thick, cloud, fine day.
28 55 17 S. W.	Sun, cloud, mizzling from 4 aft.

To be sold at Public Vendue, on Friday the Third of April next;

THREE lots of land belonging to the subscriber, living on Staten-Island, within a mile of Watson's-ferry, on the road to Amboy. The first lot contains twenty acres, eight of which are well timbered, and the remaining part arable meadow and pasture land; there are several improvements on the said lot, viz. a framed house, an out-kitchen, and other convenient buildings; also, a neat paved garden, an exceeding fine new barn, and two barracks, one of which is inclosed, and forms a very good stable; there are likewise two orchards of bearing trees. The second and third are fifty acre lots, and join each other; they are partly improved, well timbered, and in good fence.—The said lots are situated on the main road, and are only separated from the first, by a piece of land of about three chains in breadth. The first and second lot will be put up together, with a lot of salt meadow.

Any person inclining to purchase the said lots, before the day of sale, may apply to JEREMIAH STANTON.

A WOMAN with a good breast of milk, who can be well recommended, is willing to take a gentleman's child to nurse in her house: enquire of the printer. 61-64.

To be sold at the House of RICHARD WALDRON, opposite the Exchange.

GOOD Madeira—Lisbon, and Tencrife Wines, Cherry and Whortleberry Brandy—Anniseed—Orange and Clove Cordials—Geneva—Brandy—all by the Barrel or single Gallon.

Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugar—Cheese—Black Bottles—Bees-Wax—ard sundry other Things to be sold, by CORNELIA BLAU.

On the fine is two tenements, besides a mill house for the lawyer, a good large barn, a beehive young orchard yielding 50 barrels of cyder, from the best of grafted fruit, with a variety of other fruit trees. For further particulars enquire of Doctor Richard Stillwell in Middletown, or the Subscriber, living on the premises, by whom a good and indisputable title will be given or made to any purchaser.

OBEDIAH WORTHLEY, Secretary, Feb. 1, 1767.

TO BE SOLD.

A Plantation very well improved, consisting 31 1/2 acres of good land, divided to be some of the best in the parts, well watered, timbered and fenced; lying at a place called Squaticon, in the township of Man-walury, and the county of Monmouth, New-Jersey; the up lands afford good pasturage, as we as grain of all sorts, peaches to the clim; the meadows abound with grass for a the kinds for fodder, and in season may be cut thereon enough to winter one hundred head of cattle, which more may be improved to the same advantage; (as this may be added the benefit of thousands of



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A German Servant Maid,  
can spin, knit, sew, wash, and do most  
arts of kitchen and house work, and has 4  
serve, To be sold on reasonable terms.  
of the Printer at the Exchange. 62 65

YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing  
is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Five  
ings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

## TO BE SOLD,

At Public Vendue, at the Merchant's-Coffee-  
House, in this City, on Friday the 20th inst.

THE term of thirty six years yet to come, and unexpired,  
of the lease of three several lots or parcels of land;  
situate at Corlear's-Hook, about one mile from this city, now  
in the tenure and occupation of Edward Smith, together  
with the improvements thereon; consisting of a dwelling  
house, stable, fowl-house, and other necessaries; the house  
contains five rooms, four of which have fire places, with  
a good oven in the kitchen, there is a well in the yard,  
thirty six feet deep and stoned up all the way, with a new  
pump, and has always plenty of excellent water in the driest  
times: The rest of the land is laid out in a spacious garden,  
which the present possessor has spared no pains to render  
both agreeable and profitable, in it there is near 300 fruit  
trees all in bearing order, consisting of apples, pears, plums,  
peaches, nectarines, apricots, quinces, and English cherries;  
all of the choicest fruit and in great variety; likewise great  
plenty of currants gooseberries, raspberries, and English straw-  
berries, of all the different sorts; also eighteen beds of the  
best Battersea asparagus in full growth for cutting, besides  
many thousands of young plants fit for transplanting the en-  
suing season, with a nursery of several thousand young trees,  
many of them inoculated with the best kinds of fruit; there is  
also 100 hills of good hops, which may be cultivated to good  
account with little trouble; likewise a root cellar 25 feet by  
11 stoned up all round, also a summer house and alcove:  
the whole is in good board fence, and is one of the plea-  
santest situations about the city, as it commands a view of  
East-River and harbour from Staten-Island almost to Hell-  
gate; and with a little expense might be made to command  
the prospect of a great extent of country quite round: It is  
extremely convenient for a gentleman, or other person who  
may want to be often in town, as the road to it is now laid  
out in such a manner that any carriage may go from town  
thither, and return again with the greatest ease in half an  
hour, its nearness to the river is of great utility, as thereby  
manure may be procured at a much easier rate than by land,  
besides there is plenty of fish to be had in the season, just  
before the door. For further particulars enquire of JAMES  
DE LANCEY, Esq; in the Bowry.

New-York, 5th March, 1767.

61-62.

**R**UN away the first infant, from  
the subscriber, a servant man, named Lod-  
wick Abel, a German, about 24 years of age, black  
straight hair, about 4 feet 4 inches in height, has a  
large nose, speaks no English, had on when he went  
away and took with him, a light blue coat and  
waistcoat, with red lining, sheep-skin breeches,  
round brass buckles, a wool hat, two coarse white  
shirts, and mill'd stockings: whoever takes up said  
servant, and brings him to Mr. Robert Murray,  
merchant in New-York, shall have two dollars re-  
ward and reasonable charges paid.

61-64. JACOB SPEIRA, Gardiner.

**TO BE SOLD, VERY CHEAP,  
BY JOHN M'QUEEN,**

STAY-MAKER;

At the Sign of the Stays, opposite to Mr. Grove Bend's, in  
Smith-Street:

**A** Fresh assortment of new fashion'd stays, children's  
packthread stays, from one to eight years old; chil-  
dren's bone stays, from one to twelve years old; women's  
and maids stays of different sorts and sizes; a few neat polli'd  
steel collers for Misses, so much worn at the boarding schools  
in London; also whalebone, and watered tabby, Baladine  
silk, white and half stiffen'd buckrams, yard wide ticking,  
canvas, and rouselet; white and coloured silk laces; braid,  
cord, galoon, shapings, white chape blunt needles, and every  
article for Stay-makers; men's three and four thread black  
breeches patterns; men's fine plain and rib'd stockings and caps,  
&c.

N. B. Said M'QUEEN, makes all sorts of stays in the  
newest fashions worn in London. 61-64.

## TO BE SOLD,

At public vendue, at the house of Johannes Dedrix,  
Tavern-keeper, in the town-ship of Bergen, at 2 o'clock  
in the afternoon, on the 21st day of April next.

**T**WO lots of 25 acres each; situate in the said town-ship;  
the one exceeding good wood-land, within one mile  
of Weehock-landing, the other fine meadow ground, and  
joining Capt. Brown's ferry, on Hackinsack creek. Any  
person inclining to purchase the same, at private sale, before  
the 21st of April, may apply to John Debow, in Stone-  
street, New-York, who will agree on reasonable terms, and  
give an indisputable title. 61-64. JOHN DEBOW.

## WANTED,

**To tend a Forge in Virginia, a**  
Finer, who understands his Business, and can be  
well recommended. Such a one may hear of En-  
couragement, by inquiring of the Printer at the  
Exchange. 40.

## TO BE SOLD,

By us the subscribers, executors of Edward Hill, late of Bensalem in the county of Bucks and province of Pennsylvania, all the real estate of the said Hill, consisting of the following

1st. A Tract of land, situate in Bensalem aforesaid, on which the Red Lion inn is situate, with good stables and every thing necessary for the accommodation of travellers, and two good bearing orchards thereon, containing 100 acres more or less. The said inn and plantation is now under a parole lease for two years to come, from the first day of March next, at 60l. per annum.

2d. A small lot of 4 acres of ground, with a small tenement thereon, situate in Dublin Township, near Penny-Pack Bridge.

3d. Another small lot of 22 acres, with a stone tenement thereon, about one mile from Frankfort Bridge, in the corner of the road leading to Bristol, and the road leading to Oxford.

4th. Another tract of land, situate on the river Delaware in the said Township of Bensalem, bounded on the said river Delaware by lands of Septimus Robinson, Esq; and others, containing 100 acres. A very fine situation for a gentleman's country seat.

5th. Another tract of land, situate in the said Township of Bensalem, adjoining a road leading to the river Delaware, the land of John Kidd, the aforesaid river, and lands of Joseph Jackson and the widow Williamson, containing 172 acres, strict measure.

6th. Also one other tract of land, situate in Bensalem aforesaid, adjoining a piece of land belonging to the Proprietors, and lands now in the possession of the widow Williamson, upon the aforesaid road leading to the river Delaware, then up the said river to the place of beginning, containing about 115 acres, strict measure. On which a ferry is now kept over the river to Fenimore's landing, within three miles of Burlington, formerly called Dunck's ferry, with a good house thereon.

Any person or persons, having an inclination to purchase either or any of the said described tracts, pieces, or parcels of land by applying to either of the subscribers, executors of the said estate, may know the conditions of sale.

SARAH HILL,  
JOHN KIDD,  
JOHN DE NORMANDIE,  
RICHARD GIBBS.

57 68

Imported and to be sold Wholesale and Retail by  
**EDWARD LAIGHT,**  
Opposite the Hon. William Walton's, Esq; for  
Cash or short Credit;

**A** Neat and general assortment of ironmongery and cutlary,  
such as pit, mill and cross cut saws, hand, tenon, fish  
and pannel ditto; eyed shovels and spades, front and inside  
door locks, chest locks, hinges and handles; raised joint and  
common H & IL hinges; brass scales and scale beams; brass  
and iron wire; bright balcony and shutter bolts; clouts, brads,  
tacks and tenter hooks of a sort; cotton and clothiers cards;  
files, rasps, augers and chisels; Dutch tea kettles; common  
and chamber bowfies; Ware's best Scotch snuff; refined and  
blooming iron; 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. and 24d. nails;  
7 by 9, 8 by 10 and 9 by 11 glass; and many other articles  
too tedious to mention.—Also oil, blubber and leather as  
usual, and all the necessary articles belonging to the curry-  
ing business. 17-- (t.b.c.)

Just imported in the Ship Edward, Captain Chambers, from  
LONDON.

**By PHILIP DOUGHTY,**

IN SMITH-STREET;

**A** Neat Assortment of superfine second and low  
priced broad Clothes, Bath Coatings, &c. to  
be sold for READY MONEY or short Credit. 47

**TO BE SOLD, by  
THOMAS DERHAM,**

On the most reasonable Terms:

**CHOICE** Teneriffe Wine, in Pipes, Hogsheads,  
and Quarter Casks.

N. B. Pipe Staves will be taken in Payment for  
a considerable Quantity of said Wine. 30--ctf

To be sold at public Vendue on the premises, on Wednes-  
day the 25th inst. March:

**T**HE farm and mill, late the property of Garrit Van Bomel,  
at Niack, in Orange-County, pleasantly situated on the  
North-river, containing 70 acres, the greater part good meadow  
ground, and some wood land, a new well built stone  
dwelling house, four rooms on a floor, and a good kitchen  
adjoining; a good barn and an orchard, a large mill house  
in good repair, with a pair of stones: The conditions will be  
made known at the time of sale, and an indisputable title  
given for the same by  
THOMAS WALTON.

To be LET, from the First Day of MAY, 1767,  
THE House near the Bowling-Green, in the Broad-Way,  
late the Property of Matthew Morris, and wherein Sir  
Edward Pakening lately lived; 'tis a very convenient House  
and pleasantly situated for a private Gentleman, or a small  
Family: For farther Particulars Inquire of Henry White, li-  
ving near the Premises. 61 63

For the BENEFIT, of  
**Mr. HULLETT,**  
WILL be held a Concert of vocal and instru-  
mental Music, at Mr. Burns's Assembly  
Room on Tuesday the 31st. Instant.  
Tickets to be had of Mr. Hullett, at his House  
near the Assembly-Room. Price Six Shilling, each.  
To begin at Half past Six o'Clock.

**R**ED and white FORT, very excellent  
in Pipes, Hogsheads, and Quarter-  
Casks, to be sold by CHARLES NICOLL, at  
the White-Hall. 26.

## WANTED

**A** parcel of Sea Horse's Teeth;  
Whoever has any to dispose of, may hear of a pur-  
chaser by applying to the Printer at the Exchange.

**PERRY, HAYS, & SHERBROOKE,**  
HAVE FOR SALE,  
BRITISH SAIL CLOTH, from No. 1, to 8,  
MADEIRA WINE, WEST-INDIAN RUM,  
MUSCOVADO SUGAR, refined BAR IRON,  
CRATES of STONE and YELLOW WARE,  
HOGSHEADS of DELPH BOWLS; with an  
Assortment of DRY GOODS, and IRONMON-  
GERY. 61-70

Mr. Leman's Concert is postponed for some Days:  
The Tickets he has sold will be taken at his Benefit which  
will be advertised in due Time.

**A YOUNG NEGRO WENCH,**  
ABOUT Twenty Years of Age, used to House-  
work, with her Son about a Year old, who  
have both had the Small-Pox, to be sold, for no  
Fault. Inquire of the Printer at the Exchange.

are to be seen at his House in the Broad-way, opposite to the  
Lane that leads to the Free-School. 61

**A** Great Variety of Books and Stationary Ware,  
to be sold at the Printing-Office near the Ex-  
change. 47

at his store in Broad-Street; where  
tendance himself, Family Prescriptions will be carefully made  
up, Country Orders punctually executed, and the Favour  
duly acknowledged.

The most approved patented Medicines, warranted  
genuine, from the Original Warehouses. 47 (ctf)